RAISING THE FLOOR FOR SAFETY

รกส

NCHRP Report 1036: Guide for Roadway Cross Section Reallocation

11 11

ITE San Diego May Meeting May 18, 2023

Raising the Floor For Safety – Guide for Cross Section Reallocation (aka NCHRP 1036)

- Why + Who
- What: Three key takeaways
 - Daylighting decision making
 - Raising the floor for safety
 - All day operations

DESIGNING SAFE ROADWAYS FOR EVERYONE



• How could you use this research?

A NEW APPROACH TO ALLOCATING ROADWAY SPACE

Streets make up more than 80 percent of public space in cities and towns. Who gets to use this space and how they can use it affects a community's mobility, safety, economy, and quality of life. For many years, streets have been designed to emphasize mobility for vehicles over the needs and safety of other street users. This tool will help you think through how to allocate roadway space to reflect your community's true priorities.

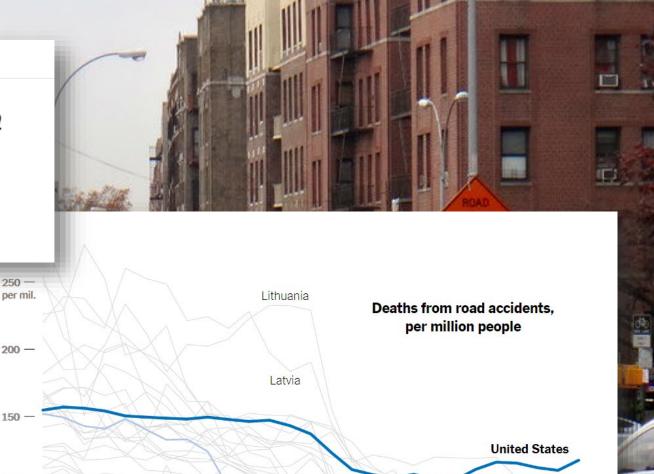
Nov. 27, 2022

The New York Times

The Exceptionally American Problem of Rising Roadway Deaths

Why other rich nations have surpassed the U.S. in protecting pedestrians, cyclists and motorists.

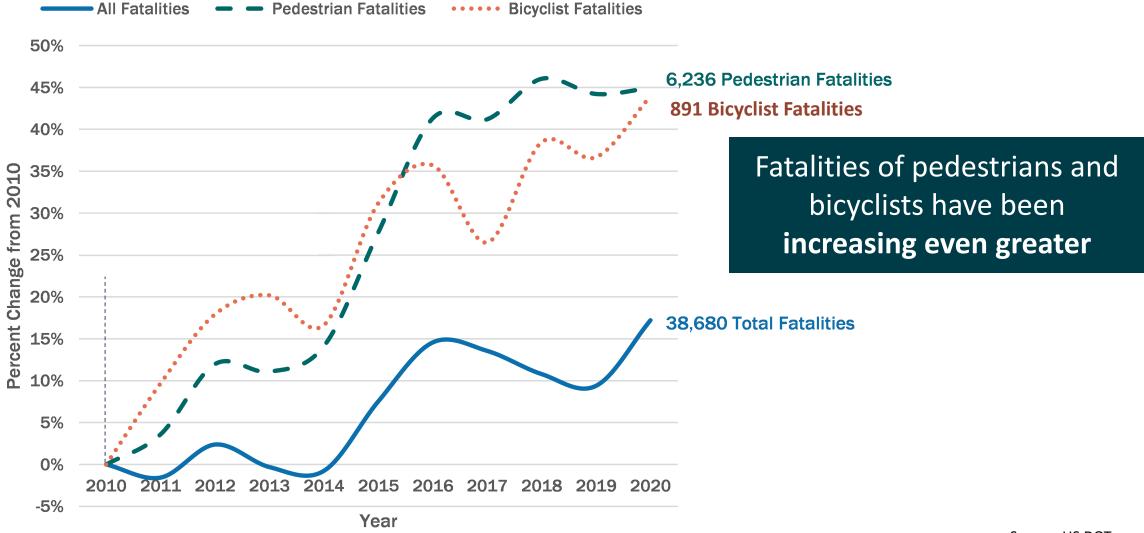




50 - France Grey lines represent 30 additional O.E.C.D. countries 1995 2000 2005 2010 2015 2020

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development 🔹 The New York Times

WE HAVE A NATIONAL ROADWAY SAFETY PROBLEM – AND IT IS GETTING WORSE... ESPECIALLY FOR PEOPLE WALKING AND BIKING



FHWA IS LEADING THE SHIFT – TO THE SAFE SYSTEM APPROACH

The **Safe System Approach** aims to eliminate fatal and serious injuries for all road users by:

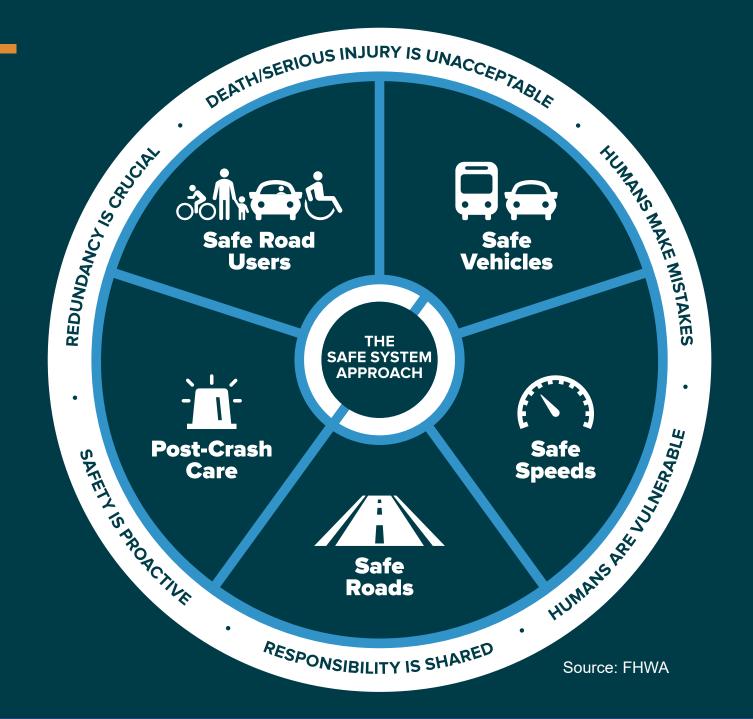




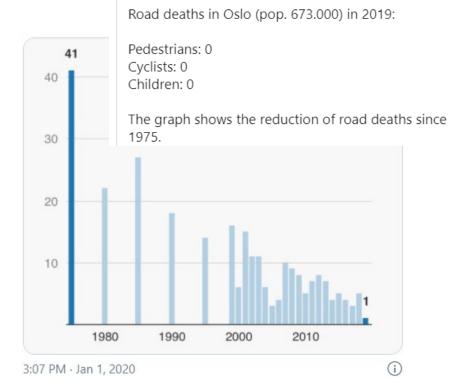


Keeping impacts on the human body at tolerable levels

THE SAFE SYSTEM APPROACH



ZERO IS POSSIBLE - OSLO, NORWAY



Anders Hartmann

@andershartmann

This makes me happy:

NEWS TRANSPORTATION

Oslo saw zero pedestrian and cyclist deaths in ²⁶ 2019. Here's how the city did it.

Reducing the number of cars reduced the number of traffic fatalities By Allssa Walker | @awalkerinLA | Jan 3, 2020, 1:50pm EST

C SHARE



How Helsinki and Oslo cut pedestrian deaths to zero

After years of committed action, neither city recorded a single pedestrian fatality in 2019

Vision Zero! Norwegian Capital Completely Quashes Road Deaths Oslo recorded zero cycling and pedestrian fatalities in 2019 and U.S. cities can learn from

its example.





0% increase in tolls across the city, while car parking charged rnestad/Alamy

t design, removed space for cars and sts.

HOBOKEN VISION ZERO

CURBED

GETTING AROUND JUNE 17, 2022

Hoboken Hasn't Had a Traffic Death in Four Years. What's It Doing Right?

By Christopher Robbins

Ξ

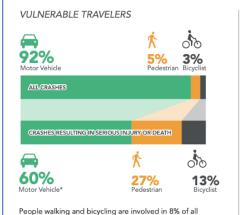


Photo: Chris Robbins

WHY DOES HOBOKEN NEED VISION ZERO?

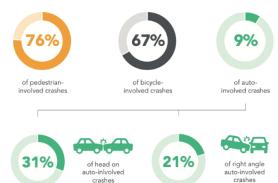
PREVENTABLE CRASHES ARE OCCURRING ON HOBOKEN'S STREETS

There were 4,451 total crashes, 13 of which resulted in serious injury or death, between 2014 and 2018 on the streets of Hoboken. Many of these occurred at specific 'high crash frequency intersections' at major gateways to Hoboken. Most crashes involve vehicles, but people walking or biking are much more likely to be injured or killed in crashes.



Q

CRASHES THAT RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH People walking and bicycling are more likely to be severely injured or killed than those in a car.



COMMON CRASH CAUSES AND LOCATIONS

crashes but 40% of those resulting in serious injury or death.









Driver inattention caused 71% of preventable crashes .

A large majority of bicycle and pedestrian crashes occurred in crosswalks at intersections.

Most bicycle crashes occurred on a bicycle facility.

Vehicles hitting parked cars accounted for 30% of all crashes.

A NEW PARADIGM

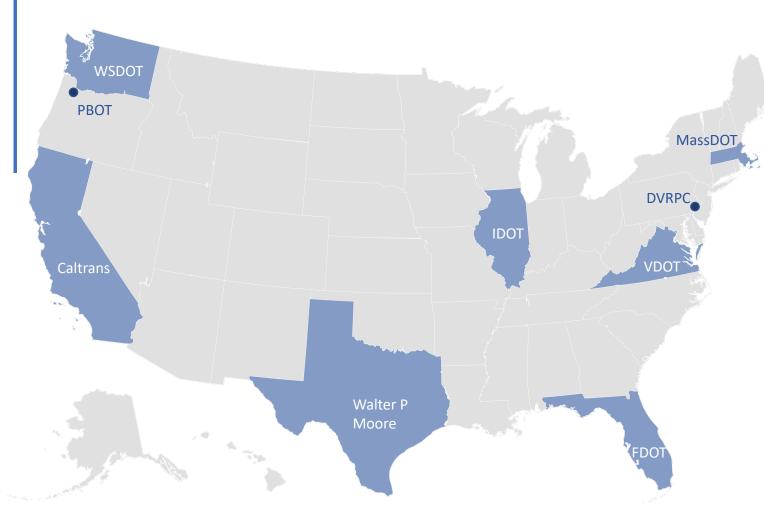
- NCHRP 1036: Roadway Cross Section Reallocation – A Guide
- A new framework for allocating roadway space
- Daylighting decision-making
- Raising the floor on safety
- Connecting decisions to outcomes



Guidebook for Roadway Cross Section Reallocation

September 2022

WHO WAS INVOLVED?



NCHRP Research Panel

Agency (Current Role)	Panel Member
Caltrans	Antonette Clark
Delaware Valley Regional Planning Council (CALSTART)	Al Beatty
Florida DOT	Jeremy Fletcher
Illinois DOT	Jonathan McCormack
Massachusetts DOT (Toole Design)	Michelle Danila
Portland Bureau of Transportation	Karla Kingsley
Walter P Moore	April Eke
Washington DOT	Celeste Gilman
FHWA	Clayton Wellman
AASHTO	Patricia Bush
NCHRP	Dianne Schwager

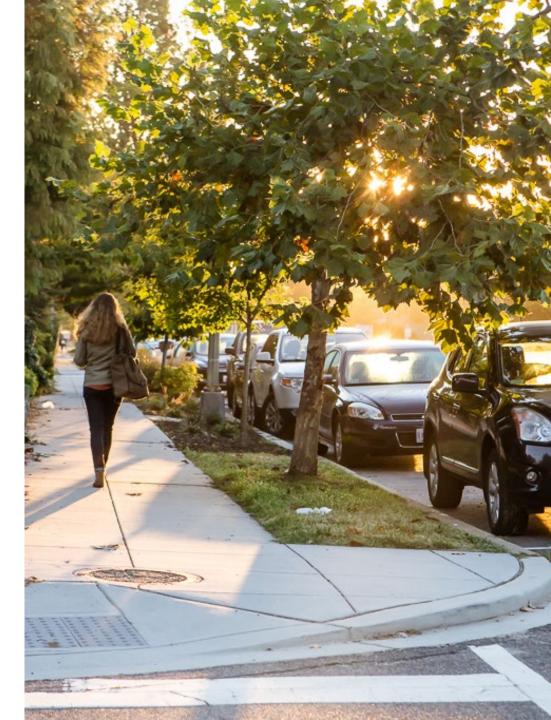
Project Team

Kittelson, Mobycon, Safe Streets, ITRE



BARRIERS TO SAFE STREET DESIGN

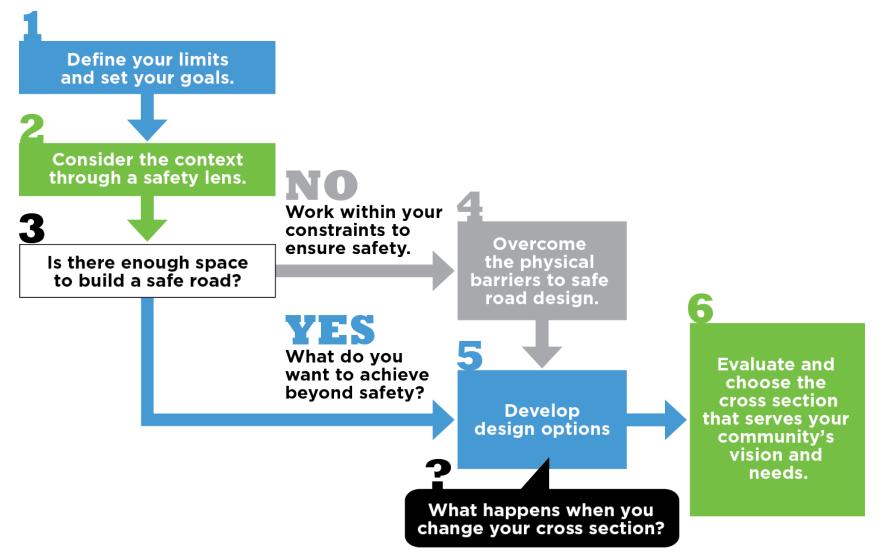
- Agencies are looking for information to support changes to the cross section
- Peak hour intersection operations limit cross section opportunities
- Lack of transparency in the decisionmaking process
- In practice, safety has not always been the top priority



RETHINKING HOW WE USE OUR STREETS



A NEW DECISION-MAKING FRAMEWORK

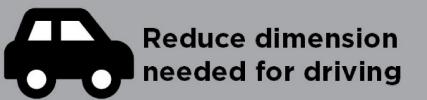




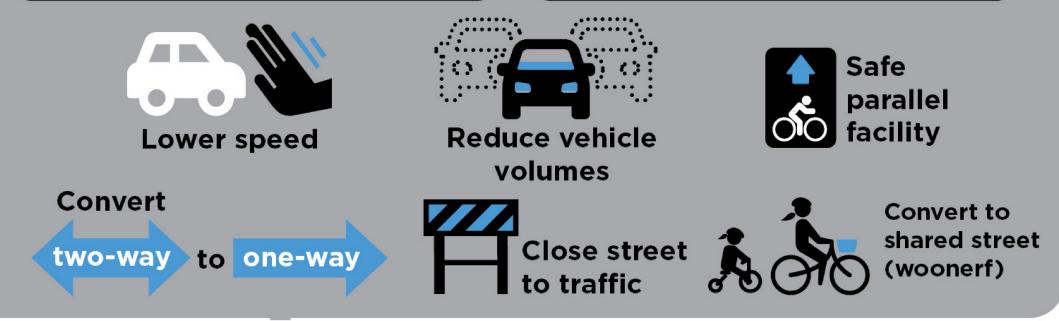


Is there enough space to build a safe road? Work within your constraints to ensure safety.

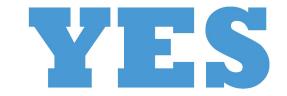
Overcome the physical barriers to safe road design.





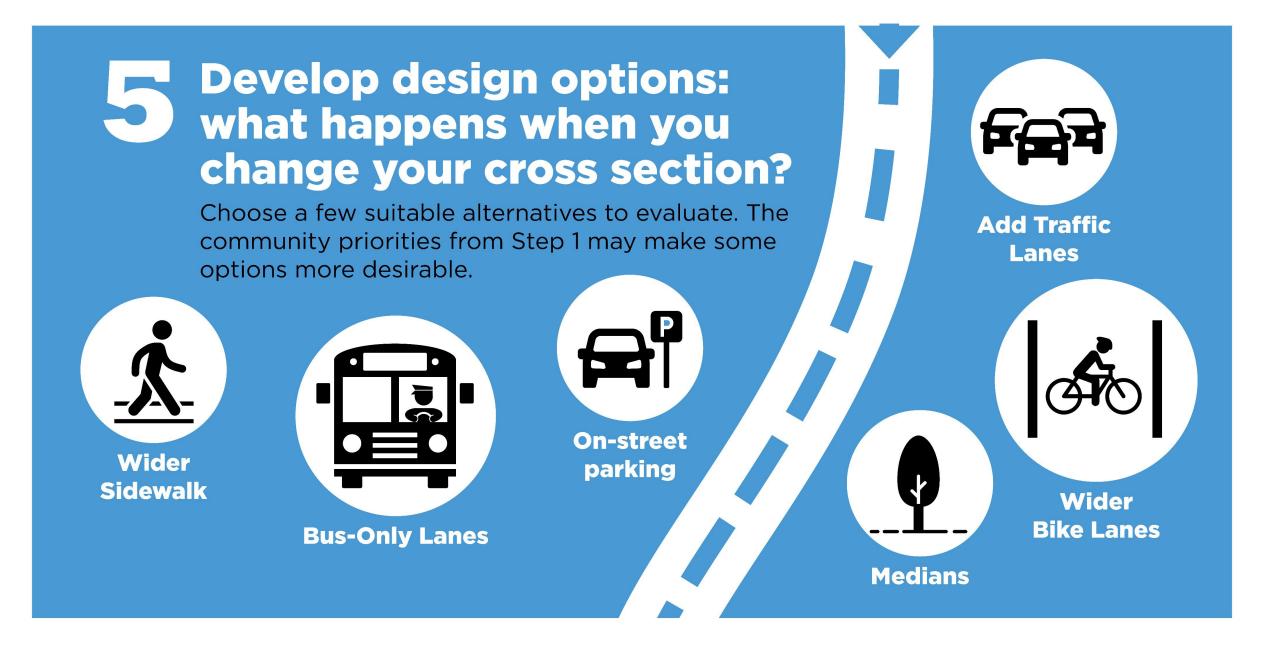


3 Is there enough space to build a safe road?



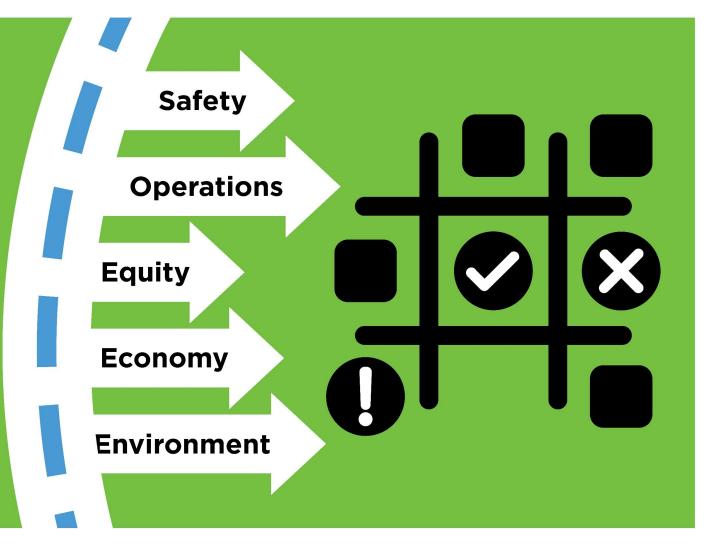
What do you want to achieve beyond safety?





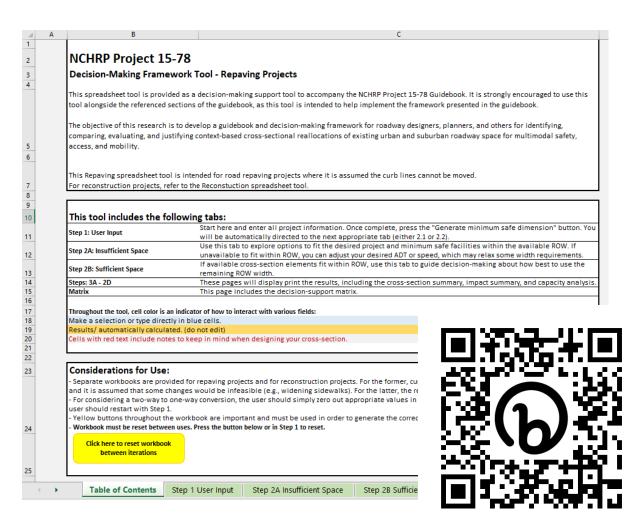
Evaluate and choose the cross section to serve your vision and needs. Compare the likely

outcomes of the alternatives you developed in Step 5.



DECISION-MAKING TOOL

- bit.ly/NCHRP1036_Guide
- bit.ly/NCHRP1036_RepavingTool
- bit.ly/NCHRP1036_Reconstruction Tool



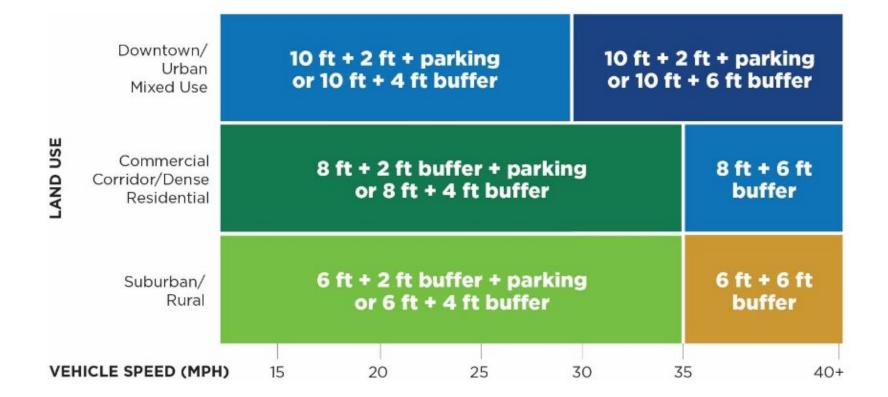
RAISING THE FLOOR ON TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

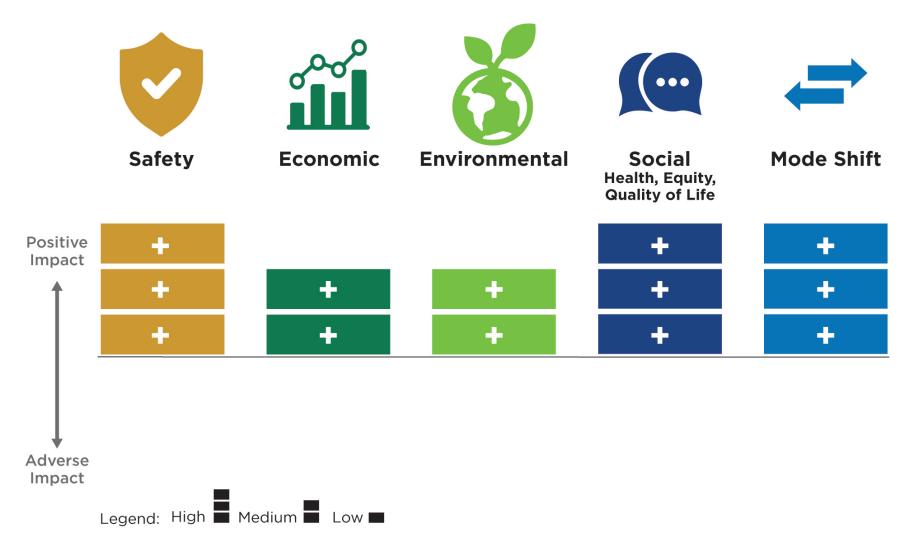


RAISING THE FLOOR ON TRANSPORTATION SAFETY



RAISING THE FLOOR ON TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

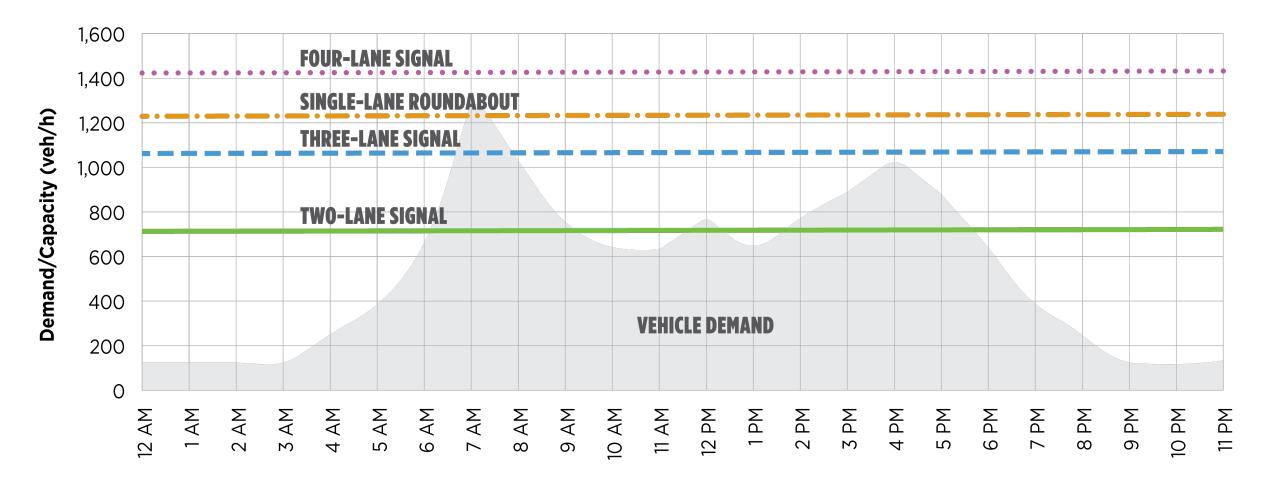


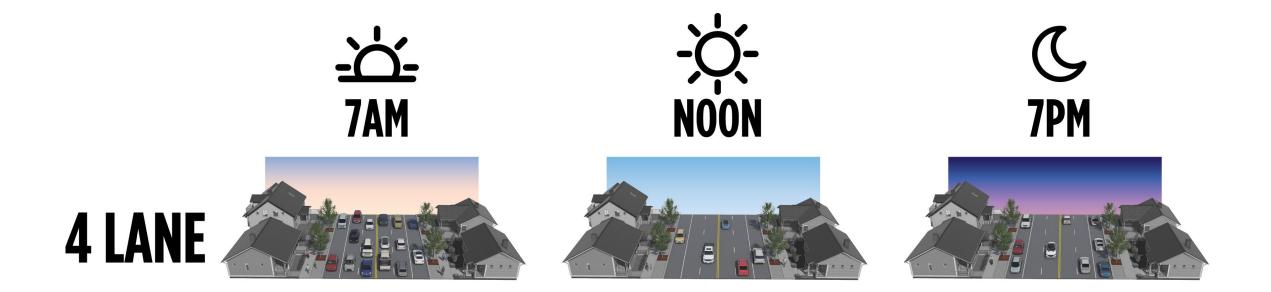


Outcomes of adding bicycle lanes

"That won't work."

ALL-DAY INTERSECTION ASSESSMENT





WHAT'S WRONG WITH UNUSED CAPACITY?





STREETS MAKE UP MORE THAN

OF PUBLIC SPACES IN CITIES AND TOWNS

THE 24-HOUR CAPACITY FRAMEWORK



HOURLY DEMAND-TO-CAPACITY (D/C) RATIO

allows practitioners to assess whether demand exceeds capacity at any time during the day and, if so, for how long

> EXCESS LANE-CAPACITY



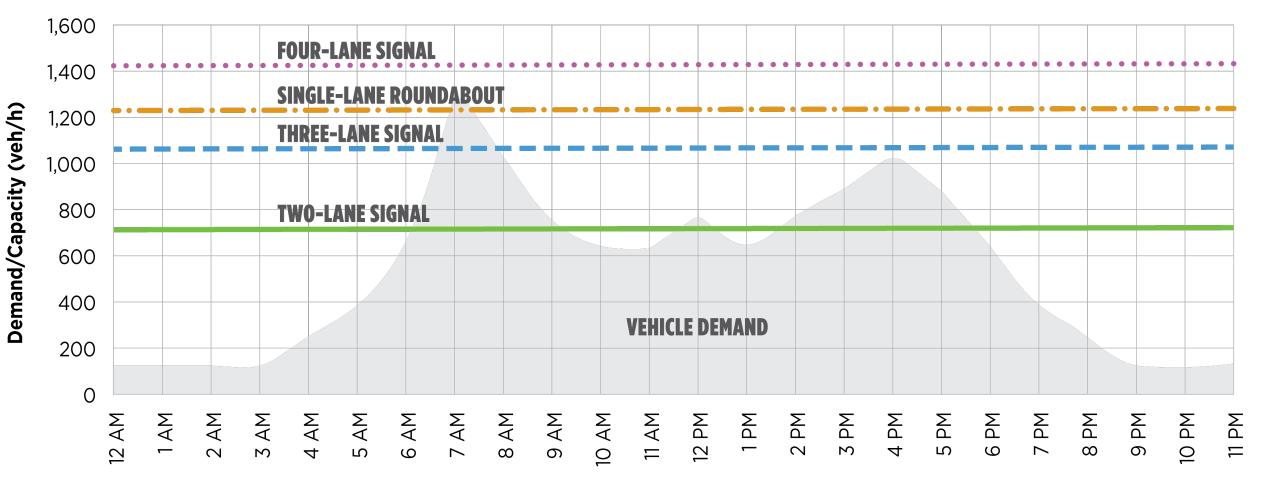
The percentage of the hours between 5:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. the street utilizes at least 60% of its potential capacity

The lane-capacity provided for but unused during that 16-hour period

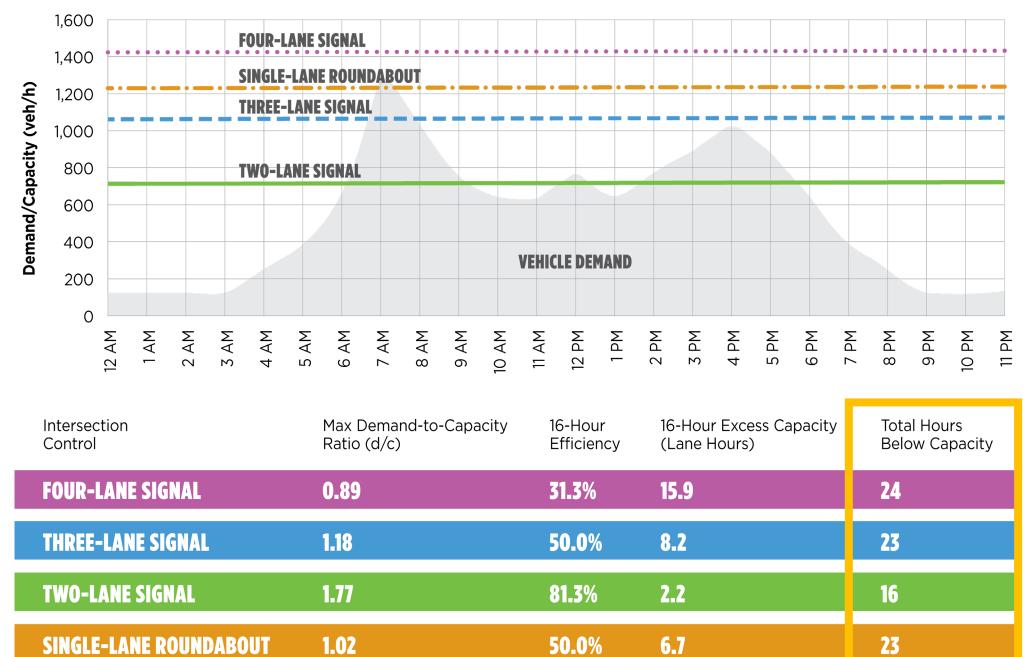


The number of hours (out of 24) during which the street is operating below capacity

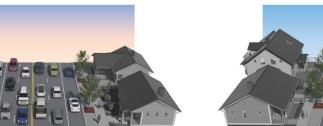
ALL-DAY INTERSECTION ASSESSMENT



ALL-DAY INTERSECTION ASSESSMENT









-<u>Q</u>-NOON







4 LANE







How could you use this research?

- How could you see yourself applying this approach?
- What about this approach is exciting? What about it makes you feel queasy?
- What challenges/opportunities do you expect when balancing traffic operations with other goals?





THANK YOU!

Mike Alston malston@kittelson.com Meredyth Sanders msanders@kittelson.com